

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO ISSUE NOT EXCEEDING \$3,500,000 OF TAXABLE WATER REVENUE BONDS OF THE VILLAGE OF HARRISONBURG, STATE OF LOUISIANA

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, pursuant to the provisions of a resolution adopted on April 11, 2022, by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the Village of Harrisonburg, State of Louisiana (the "Governing Authority"), acting as the governing authority of said Village (the "Issuer"), and in compliance with R.S. 39:524 and the other applicable provisions of Part II of Chapter 4 of Subtitle II of Title 39 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, as amended, and other constitutional and statutory authority (collectively, the "Act"), the Governing Authority does hereby declare its intention to issue not exceeding Three Million Five Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$3,500,000) of Taxable Water Revenue Bonds of the Issuer (the "Bonds"), the proceeds of which will be used to pay a portion of the costs of constructing and acquiring improvements, extensions, renovations and replacements to the waterworks system of the Issuer (the "System"), including equipment, fixtures and accessories therefor, both personal and real, a work of public improvement for the Issuer. The principal of the Bonds shall be subject to forgiveness. The Bonds shall be limited and special revenue bonds of the Issuer, secured by and payable in principal and interest, equally with the Issuer's outstanding Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2021, solely from the income and revenues derived or to be derived by the Issuer from the operation of the System, subject to the prior payment of the reasonable and necessary expenses of operating and maintaining the System. The Bonds shall not be a charge on the other income and revenues of the Issuer as prohibited under the provisions of Article VI, Section 37 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974, nor shall they constitute an indebtedness or pledge of the general credit of the Issuer. The Bonds shall be of such series, bear such date or dates, mature at such time or times (not to exceed 30 years from their date of issuance), bear interest at such rate or rates not exceeding 2.45% per annum (inclusive of any administrative fee), be in such denomination or denominations, be in fully registered form, carry such registration privileges, be payable in such medium of payment and at such place or places, be subject to such terms of prepayment and be entitled to such priorities on the income and revenues of the System as the Governing Authority may provide by ordinance(s) adopted at the time of issuance of the Bonds.

The Issuer will, in such ordinance(s), enter into covenants with the future owner or owners of the Bonds as to the management and operation of the System, the imposition and collection of fees and charges for the products, commodities or services furnished thereby, the disposition of such fees and revenues, the issuance of future bonds

and the creation of future liens and encumbrances against the System and the revenues thereof, the carrying of insurance on the System and the disposition of the proceeds of insurance, and other pertinent matters as may be deemed necessary by the Governing Authority to assure the marketability of the Bonds, consistent with the provisions of the Act. Such ordinance(s) will also include remedies in case of default, provisions for the issuance of parity bonds, and such additional covenants, agreements and provisions as are deemed necessary by the Governing Authority for the security of the registered owners of the Bonds, including sinking and reserve funds for the payment of principal and interest on the Bonds and adequate depreciation funds for those repairs and replacements to the System as may be necessary to assure adequate and efficient service to the public, all as provided by the Act.

NOTICE IS HEREBY FURTHER GIVEN that the Bonds are expected to be sold at a private sale to the Drinking Water Revolving Loan Fund and may be issued and sold in installments as needed.

NOTICE IS HEREBY FURTHER GIVEN that the Bonds will, before the delivery thereof, be approved by the State Bond Commission, Baton Rouge, Louisiana.

NOTICE IS HEREBY FURTHER GIVEN that the Governing Authority will meet in open and public session on Monday, May 9, 2022, at six o'clock (6:00) p.m., at the Town Hall, 108 Sicily Street, Harrisonburg, Louisiana, or on such other date or place as may be determined by the Governing Authority, to hear any objections to the proposed issuance of the Bonds; provided, however, if at such hearing a petition or petitions duly signed by the electors of the Issuer in a number not less than five percent (5%) of the number of electors voting at the last election held in the Issuer object to the issuance of the Bonds, then the Bonds shall not be issued until approved by a vote of a majority of the qualified electors of the Issuer who vote at a special election held for that purpose in the manner provided by Chapter 6 of Title 18 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950. Any such petition shall be accompanied by a certificate of the Catahoula Parish Registrar of Voters certifying that the signers of the petition are registered electors of the Issuer and the number of signers amounts to not less than five percent (5%) of the registered voters that voted in the last election held in the Issuer, all as provided by the Act.

THUS DONE AND SIGNED at Harrisonburg, Louisiana, on this, the 11th day of April, 2022.

/s/ Michael Tubre Mayor
 ATTEST: /s/ Patricia Hefner Clerk

TOWN OF JONESVILLE ORDINANCE NO. 2022--1 AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN ACT

The below set forth Ordinance was introduced at the meeting of the Town of Jonesville Town Council on April 12, 2022 and public notice was ordered as provided by

law. A public hearing is hereby called at 5:30 p.m. on May 10, 2022 at the Jonesville Town Hall for the purpose of any public comments concerning said Ordinance: WHEREAS, under various programs of the United States Federal Government monies have been distributed to businesses and local government for the purpose of protecting the employees from hardships caused by the COVID19 pandemic. These programs include the American Rescue Plan, the Payroll Protection Plan (PPP), and the State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds Program (ARPA).

SECTION 1 - INTRODUCTION

The Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (SLFRF), a part of the American Rescue Plan, delivers funds to state, local, and Tribal governments across the country

In May, 2021, Treasury published the Interim final rule (IFR) describing eligible and ineligible uses of funds (as well as other program provisions), sought feedback from the public on these program rules, and began to distribute funds. The IFR went immediately into effect in May, and since then, governments have used SLFRF funds to meet their immediate pandemic response needs and begin building a strong and equitable recovery, such as through providing vaccine incentives, development of affordable housing, and construction of infrastructure to deliver safe and reliable water.

As governments began to deploy this funding in their communities, Treasury carefully considered the feedback provided through its public comment process and other forums. Treasury received over 1,500 comments, participated in hundreds of meetings, and received correspondence from a wide range of governments and other stakeholders.

SECTION 3 - KEY CHANGES AND CLARIFICATION IN THE FINAL RULE

The final rule delivers broader limitation and greater simplicity in the program, responsive to feedback in the comment process. Among other clarifications and changes, the final rule provides the features below:

A. **Replacing Lost Public Sector Revenue** - The final rule offers a standard allowance for revenue losses, allowing recipients to select between a standard amount of revenue loss or complete a full revenue loss calculation. Recipients that select the standard allowance may use that amount - in many cases their full reward - for government services, with streamlined reporting requirements.

B. **Public Health and Economic Impacts** - In addition to programs and services, the final rule clarifies that recipients can use funds for capital expenditures that support an eligible COVID-19 public health or economic response. For example, recipients may build certain affordable housing, childcare facilities, schools, hospitals,

Legals continued on Page 14A

WATER WE DRINK

The Water We Drink

MAITLAND WATER WORKS DISTRICT
 Public Water Supply ID: LA00250011

We are pleased to present to you the Annual Water Quality Report for the year 2021. This report is designed to inform you about the quality of your water and services we deliver to you every day (the information contained here may impact you as a consumer of drinking water). Our consistent goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water.

Our water source(s) are listed below:

Source Name	Source Water Type
WELL 2	Ground Water
WELL 1	Ground Water

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity. Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- Microbial Contaminants** - such as viruses and bacteria, which may cause illness and death in some cases.
- Inorganic Chemicals** - such as nitrate and sulfate, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- Pesticides and Herbicides** - which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.
- Organic Chemical Contaminants** - including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, and septic systems.
- Radionuclides** - which can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

A Source Water Assessment Plan (SWAP) is now available from our office. This plan is an assessment of a delineated area around our listed sources through which contaminants, if present, could migrate and reach our source water. It also includes an inventory of potential sources of contamination within the delineated area, and a determination of the water supply's susceptibility to contamination by the identified potential sources. According to the Source Water Assessment Plan, our water system had a susceptibility rating of "MEDIUM". If you would like to review the Source Water Assessment Plan, please feel free to contact our office.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. Food and Drug Administration regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you have any questions about this report, want to attend any scheduled meetings, or simply want to learn more about your drinking water, please contact HAROLD EDWAN at 338-389-4362.

Our water system tested a minimum of 1 sample per month in accordance with the Total Coliform Rule for microbiological contaminants. With the microbiological samples collected, the water system collects disinfectant residuals to ensure control of microbial growth.

Disinfectant	Date	Highest Value	Unit	Range	MCL	MCLG	Typical Source
CHLORINE	2021	2.6	ppm	0.07 - 4.2	4	4	Water additive used to control microbes.

In the tables below, we have shown the regulated contaminants that were detected. Chemical Sampling of our drinking water may not be required on an annual basis; therefore, information provided in this table refers back to the latest year of chemical sampling results. To determine compliance with the primary drinking water standards, the treated water is monitored when a contaminant is elevated in the source water.

Source Water Regulated Contaminant	Collection Date	Highest Value	Range	Unit	MCL	MCLG	Typical Source
FLUORIDE	10/27/2021	0.2	0-2	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which prevents staining; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories.

Treated Water Regulated Contaminant	Collection Date	Highest Value	Range	Unit	MCL	MCLG	Typical Source
No Detected Results were Found in the Calendar Year of 2021.							

Source Water Radiological Contaminant	Collection Date	Highest Value	Range	Unit	MCL	MCLG	Typical Source
GROSS BETA PARTICLE ACTIVITY	10/27/2021	3.17	0 - 3.17	pCi/l	50	0	Density of natural and man-made deposits. Note: This gross beta particle activity MCL is 4 millibecquerels per liter (Bq/L) or 0.10 microcuries per liter (µCi/L) or 100 counts per minute (CPM) in a screening level.

Treated Water Radiological Contaminant	Collection Date	Highest Value	Range	Unit	MCL	MCLG	Typical Source
No Detected Results were Found in the Calendar Year of 2021.							

Lead and Copper	Date	90th Percentile	Range	Unit	PL	SMCL	Typical Source
COPPER, Lead	2017 - 2019	0.8	0 - 5.7	ppm	1.3	0	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of household plumbing systems; Leaching from wood preservatives.
LEAD	2017 - 2019	2	0 - 24	ppb	15	1	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits.

Disinfection Byproducts	Sample Point	Period	Highest Value	Range	Unit	MCL	MCLG	Typical Source
TOTAL HALOACETIC ACIDS (THAA)	3735 HWY 901	2021	3.6	13.0 - 13.8	ppb	58	0	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
TOTAL HALOACETIC ACIDS (THAA)	8727 LEE WYOM ROAD	2021	11	11.5 - 11.5	ppb	58	0	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
THM	3735 HWY 901	2021	40	42.8 -	ppb	80	0	By-product of drinking

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. MAITLAND WATER WORKS DISTRICT is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>.

The Louisiana Department of Health routinely monitors for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. The tables that follow show the results of our monitoring during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2021. Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk.

In the tables below, you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms, we've provided the following definitions:

- Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/L)** - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.
- Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter (µg/L)** - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$2,000,000.
- Hardness (as the calcium)** - milligrams per liter is a measure of the calcium in water.
- Treatment Techniques (TT)** - an enforceable or standard or level of technological performance which public water systems must follow to ensure control of a contaminant.
- Action Level (AL)** - the concentration of a contaminant that, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.
- Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL)** - the "Maximum Allowed" level is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCL's are set as close to the MCLG's as feasible while using the best available treatment technology.
- Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG)** - the "Goal" is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to human health. MCLG's allow for a margin of safety.
- Maximum residual disinfectant level (MRDL)** - the highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.
- Maximum residual disinfectant level goal (MRDLG)** - the level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLG's do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.
- Level 1 monitoring** - a type of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in the water system.
- Level 2 monitoring** - a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli fecal coliform has occurred and why total coliform bacteria have been found in the water system on multiple occasions.

During the period covered by this report we had the below noted violations.

Compliance Period	Analysis	Type
No Violations Occurred in the Calendar Year of 2021		

THM	0727 LEE WYOM ROAD	2021	11	11.5 - 11.5	ppb	58	0	By-product of drinking water disinfection
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Source Secondary Contaminant	Collection Date	Highest Value	Range	Unit	SMCL
CHLORIDE	10/27/2020	56	48 - 56	mg/L	250
IRON	10/27/2020	0.06	0.00	mg/L	0.3
MANGANESE	10/27/2020	0.06	0.00 - 0.06	mg/L	0.05
PH	10/27/2020	5.98	5.41 - 5.98	PH	8.5

Treated Secondary Contaminant	Collection Date	Highest Value	Range	Unit	SMCL
No Detected Results were Found in the Calendar Year of 2021.					

*****Environmental Protection Agency Required Health Effects Language*****
 Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Additional Required Health Effects Language:

Infants and children are typically more vulnerable to lead in drinking water than the general population. It is possible that lead levels at your home may be higher than at other homes in the community as a result of materials used in your home's plumbing. If you are concerned about elevated lead levels in your home's water, you may wish to have your water tested and flush your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using tap water. Additional information is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

There are no additional required health effects violation notices.

 Thank you for allowing us to continue providing your family with clean, quality water this year. In order to maintain a safe and dependable water supply we sometimes need to make improvements that will benefit all of our customers.

We at the MAITLAND WATER WORKS DISTRICT work around the clock to provide top quality drinking water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect and conserve our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life, and our children's future. Please call our office if you have questions.